JANUARY 2018



ROI/Attribution Providers

A Comparison of Leading Providers of Media Performance Analyses





Participants

MARKETING MIX MODELERS WITH ATTRIBUTION PRODUCTS

Analytic Partners
in4mation insights
IRI
Marketing Evolution
Millward Brown, a Kantar subsidiary
(m)Phasize, a Publicis company
Neustar
Nielsen

ATTRIBUTION SPECIALISTS WITH CROSS-PLATFORM PRODUCTS

Conversion Logic Convertro, owned by Oath, a subsidiary of Verizon C3 Metrics Google Attribution 360 Merkle, owned by Dentsu Aegis Visual IQ, a Nielsen company

TELEVISION OR DIGITAL ATTRIBUTION PROVIDERS

Data + Math iSpot Placed Samba TV SMI TVSquared WyWy, owned by TVSquared

SINGLE SOURCE PROVIDERS

Concentric IRI Lift Nielsen Catalina Oracle TiVo

Please note that providers have been grouped according to their core, or original, offering — a somewhat subjective grouping. Most providers are constantly refining their offering, so this view of their products may be incomplete. We encourage readers to reach out to the providers for the most updated information.







Introduction

CIMM/4A's 2016 study of current practices in attribution and marketing mix modeling identified a range of analytics providers using a variety of data sources and techniques.

It's a complicated and frequently overwhelming space for the industry.

A comparison of the companies, offerings and approaches will help buyers become more comfortable with the providers and their techniques.

Overview

This is a comparison of current offerings in digital, cross-platform, multi-touch and television attribution and marketing mix modeling companies available in the US market today. It is descriptive, not evaluative.

In the guide, providers are grouped according to their main offerings (Marketing Mix Modelers, Digital/Television Attribution Specialists, Single Source Providers), although it's important to recognize many providers offer a suite of analytic products depending on the needs of the client and availability of data.

The list of providers and the variables with which to compare providers were based on recommendations from CIMM and the 4A's Media Measurement committee.

Provider Comparison Contents

Company Positioning

Short overview of company's main reason for being

Primary Offerings

Rough share of business from attribution and marketing mix projects; can exceed 100% due to multiple offerings; in some cases percentages unavailable

Approach

Statistics most commonly employed (see glossary)

Use Cases

Applications of the analytics in digital, cross-platform or full marketing mix assessment

KPIs Delivered

Online traffic/conversion, offline retail traffic/sales and brand metrics

Optimization Areas

Digital or cross-media channels, across sales and brand metrics

Media Covered

Full range of media vehicles included in the models

Source of Television Data

Modelers have a range of television viewing data, including Nielsen, Smart TV and set top box data

Level of Media Granularity Level of detail at which the modeler works

Model Inputs

Other marketing variables (e.g., price/promotion), external influences (e.g., weather, etc.) and competitive behavior modeled at a similar level

Advertising Parameters

Diminishing returns, adstock, long-term effects, media interactions and halos, baseline and incrementality

Data Integration Methods

Process for combining cross-platform datasets in the model

Collinearity Work-Arounds

Statistical approach to teasing out events or investments that occur at the same time

Model Validation

Method for determining the accuracy of the model findings

Data Delivery Options

Dashboards, inflight-optimizers, programmatic media, data feeds to other applications

Cycle Time

Typical model update intervals

An exhaustive glossary of key terms begins on Page 33.





Marketing Mix Modelers With Attribution Products

Marketing mix modelers (MMM) are the originators of ROI modeling, with the first commercial firms offering these services in 1989. Ironically, both Marketing Management Analytics (MMA) and Hudson River Group, the two veterans of 1989, declined to participate in this study. Accenture, the consulting firm with a significant analytics practice, is also not included here for the same reason.

MMM firms originally built regression models at the "market" level — DMAs or other sales territories — with observations by week. Today, they all offer more granular analytics with finer geographies and shorter time periods, and have also developed attribution capabilities within their MMM framework, "Unified Models." Simple linear regression has given way to more advanced statistical techniques, frequently hierarchical Bayes (see glossary). However, the regression model built on weekly DMA level data is still a common denominator.

Marketing mix models typically incorporate all of the controllable (trade spending, for instance) and uncontrollable factors (weather, for instance) of the marketing mix, and produce a sound estimate of the sales contribution and ROIs of each. As a result, they provide valuable strategic insights. The "negative" often associated with these models is the flip side: They require 2-3 years of historical data, making them backward-looking, and are not sufficiently granular to drive tactics.

Marketing mix models are also able to estimate both the short-term and long-term (quarterly, annual or multi-year) effects of advertising. However, this is not frequently done since advertisers focus almost exclusively on short-term performance.

Not all of these modelers are the same. Nielsen and IRI have exclusive access to their store-level data, which provides the perfectly defined view of retail promotion tactics so important to CPG marketers. Marketing Evolution and Millward Brown both have consumer-level techniques that look below the market level, more like attribution modelers. But their ability to provide a more comprehensive view of the marketing mix gives us reason to group them here. The unique benefit of these approaches is that they can be both strategic and tactical, and offer insights into consumer segments.

Analytic Partners



PRIMARY USE CASE — Measure, forecast and optimize the impact of marketing investments, short-term and long-term for multiple KPIs, including revenue, profit, brand equity, acquisition, unique visits, store traffic, etc.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix Models2	24%
Digital Attribution	8%

Unified Models60% (20% location)

All addressable and non-address-

media that influence performance,

such as TV, Radio, Magazines, Out

Search, Word Of Mouth, Influencer

Of Home, Mobile (Display, Video,

Search, In-app, Social), Digital Display, Online Video, Native Ads,

Social, Paid Search, Organic

able paid, owned and earned

APPROACH

Integrated store/market/geo/ segment-level econometrics and person/user/HH-level discrete choice attribution models using machine learning

SOURCE OF TV DATA

Rentrak, Kantar, NMR

Programs, PR, etc.

MEDIA COVERED

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Geography varies by media type, person/user/HH, DMA, Zip, daily, weekly or event-level media type, genre, sub-type and property; creative at the individual execution-level. Outcomes: customer segment, market or store-level

DATA INTEGRATION

CRM data linked by person/ customer; non-addressable media aligned on geography and time, partner with panel providers, device maps and onboarding partners

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

Granular data, raw data transformation, experimental design, statistical techniques

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Normative database and model fit statistics; Experimental Design Holdout, Forecast Accuracy

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Real-time (daily and/or weekly) data updates and weekly, monthly or quarterly model refreshes

USE CASES

- Contribution Assessment
- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources





in4mation insights



PRIMARY USE CASE — Marketing mix — returns on marketing investments, resources allocation, profit optimization, sales performance and change drivers with highly disaggregated data.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix Models 75%	TV Attribution 0%
Digital Attribution0%	Unified Models 0%

APPROACH

Econometrics (Hierarchical Bayesian and network models) integrating behavioral and attitudinal metrics, geo-location and other metrics



SOURCE OF TV DATA Client provided

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Geo-location (e.g., store) up to national, daypart, daily, weekly or monthly, media type, genre, source, and spot length; campaign-level; outcomes at national, market, or store-level

DATA INTEGRATION

MEDIA COVERED

Digital impressions by DMAs,

campaign. TV and Radio by

device types, Display/Video, and

dayparts, day of week, positions in

break, program genre, source and

spot length, Magazines and OOH

Store and market-level data are harmonized by time and geography

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

Bayesian priors, Bayesian variable selection methods and other related techniques

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING Typically quarterly

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Holdout samples and model fit statistics

USE CASES

- Contribution Assessment
- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

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- Programmatic
- O Data Feeds to Other Sources





IRI



PRIMARY USE CASE — IRI provides a full suite of solutions — both marketing mix modeling and attribution solutions as well as matched market or matched store testing. Focused on the CPG industry.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS USE CASES Marketing Mix Models...... TV AttributionN/A Contribution Assessment Unified Models Digital Attribution..... Digital Campaign Cross-Media Campaign Full Marketing Mix **APPROACH** MEDIA COVERED Marketing mix modeling and TV, Digital, Social, Print, Radio, **KPIs** attribution studies Mobile and OOH Online Traffic Online Conversion Offline Retail Traffic $\sim \sim$ SOURCE OF TV DATA Offline Sales Brand Metrics Rentrak or client **Budget Optimization** Across Digital Channels LEVEL OF GRANULARITY DATA INTEGRATION Across Cross-Media Channels Across Sales & Brand Metrics Ingests, normalizes and Data at store, zip or DMA level harmonizes disparate datasets within their data platform. MODEL INPUTS Other Marketing Variables MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION External Influences COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND Competitors R-Squared, MAPE, Durbin Watson, Correlation analysis prior to Pvalue, internal benchmarks modeling and store-level granularity, data grouped as needed ADVERTISING PARAMETERS Diminishing Returns Adstock **CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING** Long-term Effects 6-8 weeks (On demand) Media Interactions and Halos Baseline/Incrementality DATA DELIVERY & **APPLICATIONS**

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- O Data Feeds to Other Sources





Marketing Evolution



PRIMARY USE CASE — Holistic understanding of all business drivers and detailed in-campaign pricing, message, targeting, and media mix optimization. Brings together marketing mix, attribution and brand tracking in one platform.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix ModelsN/A	
Digital AttributionN/A	

TV Attribution	N/A	٩
Unified Models	100%	6

APPROACH

Integrated econometrics, person/HH-level attribution



SOURCE OF TV DATA Media Agency, Smart TV and Set Top Box

Online (Desktop and Mobile) by Display, Video, Search, etc.; Traditional (TV, Magazine, Newspaper, OOH, Radio, etc.); as well as Owned (Email, Direct Mail, etc.)

Digital Campaign

Cross-Media Campaign

Contribution Assessment

Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

Online Traffic

USE CASES

- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics.

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

DATA DELIVERY & **APPLICATIONS**

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources



MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Experimental design

DATA INTEGRATION

Merged at the individual level

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Experimental design

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

Weekly reporting cycles



MEDIA COVERED

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Every impression: Log-level media files that capture every digital impression. Person-based analysis measuring every individual impression of offline media, including every TV program, every out-of-home billboard, every direct mail piece, every radio station, etc.

Millward Brown, a Kantar Subsidiary

KANTAR MillWARD BROWN **PRIMARY USE CASE** — Short-term sales and brand outcomes with brand health metrics and digital and cross-media, consumer journey and digital engagement lifts.

.....**5%**

......5%

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix Models	6	TV Attribution
Digital Attribution	6	Unified Models

APPROACH

Integrated macro-level marketing mix models, micro-level multi-touch attribution and agent-based models

> SOURCES OF TV DATA Media Agency and Samba

MEDIA COVERED

All paid, owned and earned digital media; tagged/coded elements of digital advertising (media and content).

All offline media, direct marketing, shopper marketing and events.

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

As granular as possible. Media type and sub formats such as Property, Daypart, targeting method, CPC versus CPM, and individual-level data across time and geography

DATA INTEGRATION

Data fusion and proprietary algorithms for matching and de-duping. Vendors also do match backs using blinded PII data

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

More granular data, Nested hierarchical models

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Test/control or advanced simulations



CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

From measurement to reporting: typically 1-2 months; daily data refresh and real-time reporting

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources





(m)Phasize, a Publicis company

(m)PHASIZE

PRIMARY USE CASE — Sales and business drivers who optimize financial resource allocation, forecast future marketing plans, validate media strategies and re-allocate budgets.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

TV Attribution	N/A
Unified Models	·····√

APPROACH

An integrated suite of approaches, including MMM, MTA and Digital Attribution, based on a variety of statistical techniques

SOURCE OF TV DATA

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Publisher, Campaigns, Dayparts, Origination, Unit Length, Genre, Network Types

MEDIA COVERED

TV, Print, Radio, OOH, PR, OLA, OLV, Search, Social; report both paid and non-paid digital channels and content (from log files). Report at granular level within the ad server (e.g., site, strategy, device type, placement, audience, creative concept, version, keyword, etc.).

DATA INTEGRATION

Utilize first-, second- and third-party data, including in-store sales data. For outside integrations, Digital (m)PACT ingests unified data sets directly; no need to tag or manage integrations

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

Variable specification and transformation

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Structured and randomized holdout samples

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Most start with monthly reports, then move to semi-monthly and then weekly

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- 🖲 Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
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- Baseline/Incrementality

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
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- Data Feeds to Other Sources





Neustar

PRIMARY USE CASE — Portfolio-level marketing optimization with customer-level attribution. Budget allocation, driver analysis, long-term and short-term balance return on media performance.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix Models...... Digital Attribution...... (some location)

TV Attribution	
Unified Models	

APPROACH

Econometrics, especially Hierarchical Bayes. Cross-Channel Attribution via Logit models at the person/HH level. TV attribution based on immediate response

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

website/program, creative,

Addressable media: individual

impressions, by customer ID, media

channel/type, publisher/ad network,

campaign and placement/keyword.

Non-addressable media is typically

type/sub channel, tactic, segment,

campaign by DMA/store and day

analyzed at the media channel/

SOURCES OF TV DATA Rentrak, Simulmedia

MEDIA COVERED

DATA INTEGRATION

Proprietary identity graph

system links device IDs to

third-party tag management

system and integrates client SDK and ingests log files

offline identifiers; also

Online and offline media. addressable and non-addressable. Search, Display, Video, Email, Affiliate, Social, Mobile, Direct Mail/Catalogue, TV, Radio, Magazine, Newspaper, Cinema, Outdoor. etc.

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

DATA DELIVERY & APPLICATIONS

- 🖲 Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

Bayesian priors

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Normative database, holdout samples, model fit statistics, tests

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CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Market-level models estimated monthly; attribution models updated daily





of week

Nielsen

nielsen

PRIMARY USE CASE — Holistic coverage of all business drivers via MMM. Allocate proportional credit to online and offline marketing touchpoints. Impacts budgeting and planning, spend adjustments based on campaign results and ROI metrics.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Store-level econometrics using

pooled time-series cross-sectional

Attribution via Logit-based discrete

choice or predictive-score models

SOURCE OF TV DATA

Nielsen

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Marketing mix: store level

Digital: site, creative, publisher,

placement, campaign, search

engine, device type and media

format level and audience segments

APPROACH

models

Marketing Mix Models	TV AttributionN/A
Digital Attribution	Unified Models

For attribution: All digital media that take the Nielsen tracking pixel. Walled garden publishers, such as Google, provide impressions via log files.

MEDIA COVERED

For marketing mix: all measured media.

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

Online Traffic

- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

DATA DELIVERY & APPLICATIONS

- 🖲 Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- 🔿 Data Feeds to Other Sources



DATA INTEGRATION

Attribution: information provided by onboarding partners; connect individual exposure data to household purchase

Marketing mix: integrate Nielsen-owned, client-owned and third-party data sources

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

needs (monthly, quarterly, etc.)

Clients can choose a model refresh cadence that best fits their

Variance Inflation Factors and other techniques

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Modeling techniques were validated through experimentation and synthetic data testing



Attribution Specialists With Cross-Platform Products

Attribution modeling was born in the digital media ecosystem as a way of attributing credit to the various digital touchpoints on the path to conversion.

The earliest methods were arbitrary, leading to the notorious "last click attribution" that has been shown to grossly overstate the value of digital search. Over the past few years, there has been a dramatic infusion of science into attribution with all major attribution modelers now using advanced statistical models, most often logistic regression or hierarchical Bayes.

Importantly, these modelers now incorporate all digital touchpoints, qualifying as Multi-Touch Attribution (MTA). However, their treatment of non-digital media, non-media marketing factors and uncontrollable factors like weather and economy are highly varied. When the majority of the causal factors driving sales — or other consumer outcomes are not included in the model, the chance of misattribution and misleading ROI estimates is material. Under these circumstances, relative tactical decisions can still be supported; for example, whether copy "A" is more effective than copy "B." Data is a bigger challenge for attribution modelers than it is for marketing mix modelers, although inadequate data is the Achilles' heel for all modelers. Attribution requires identifying the same consumer wherever they may be exposed — mobile phone, tablet, work computer, home computer or other media.

Device graphs, a map that links an individual to all the devices they use, are the linking data sets used for this purpose. There are many proprietary device graphs, some with impressive scale, but we have seen very little validation work. The potential problem is that despite starting with a comprehensive and representative data set, after all of the variables have been matched to each other, the resulting data set will be much smaller and potentially biased. It is always wise to review the fully matched data set and make sure it portrays your consumers as you know them.

As with the mix modelers, this group is not perfectly homogeneous. Merkle, which was not born in the media world, originated in direct marketing. But the parallels today are striking.

Conversion Logic



PRIMARY USE CASE — Help marketers measure and optimize conversion events for online or offline sales, leads, registrations, mobile installs, etc., and enables long-term planning and budgeting decisions. Cross-Channel attribution.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

ensemble framework

APPROACH

Marketing Mix ModelsN/A	
Digital Attribution76%	

Person/HH level attribution using

SOURCE OF TV DATA

Client log files

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

campaign, etc.

For offline channels: station.

program, campaign, promotion,

For digital: impressions, clicks,

campaign, placement, publisher etc.; sub-daily and at user-level support an open schema for

length, geo, reach down to creative

machine learning in proprietary

TV Attribution	59%
Unified Models	59%

MEDIA COVERED

User-level – Display, Video,

Email, Direct Mail, Native

DATA INTEGRATION

matching

Person level + time series for

TV and radio; deterministic

Affiliates, Social, Mobile, Search,

Offline – TV, Radio, Shared mail

USE CASES

- Contribution Assessment
- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources

granularity limited only by statistical significance	
COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND	MODEL/

Approximated Shapley values in cooperative game theory

RESULTS VALIDATION



CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Designed to run in real time; refreshes hours/days/weeks





20% Holdout samples

Convertro, owned by Oath, a subsidiary of Verizon



PRIMARY USE CASE — Consumer-level framework that can solve for entire range of marketing measurement, attribution and optimization use cases across all verticals. Map markets to consumers through a unified theory of how consumers behave. Single, cohesive, theoretically consistent framework.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

TV Attribution	/
Unified Models409	%

APPROACH

Unified Logit model using both person-level and market-level data

SOURCES OF TV DATA iSpot, Rentrak, Fourthwall Media, Kantar media and proprietary sources like Verizon FiOS

MEDIA COVERED

TV, Radio, Print, Direct mail, Catalog, OOH, Sponsorships and Events, Email, Search, Display, Video, Affiliate across all Digital Paid/Owned/Earned

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

Competitors

Adstock

External Influences

Diminishing Returns

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

Other Marketing Variables

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Media platform, channel, vendor, inventory, content, genre, program, placement, key word, creative, copy

DATA INTEGRATION

Built on cross-device database of deterministic login data. Graph enriched with data from AOL/VZW/Millennial Media and from providers like Liveramp.

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

Leverage large panels, Ridge regularization to eliminate unidentified parameters and execute

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Model fit statistics, random control tests and automatic updating of model with test results; ongoing test and learn

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Updated daily; weekly

- Long-term Effects
 Media Interactions and Halos
 - Baseline/Incrementality

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources





C3 Metrics

C3 Metrics

PRIMARY USE CASE — Machine-learning-algorithmic attribution platform natively incorporates viewable impressions, directly integrates with every programmatic trading desk, DSP, and ad network

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix Models	15%
Digital Attribution	<mark>85</mark> %
(30% use location/traffic	data)

ΤV	Attribution	
Uni	fied Models	<mark>N/A</mark>

Paid, owned and earned: Digital,

TV, Radio, OOH, Print, Catalog

USE CASES

KPIs

- Contribution AssessmentDigital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- Full Marketing Mix

Online Traffic

Offline Sales

Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

Online Conversion
Offline Retail Traffic

Budget Optimization
Across Digital Channels
Across Cross-Media Channels

APPROACH

Machine learning, Bayesian model

SOURCE OF TV DATA Post logs

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Impressions-level Date/Time/ DMA/Creative, individual occurrence DATA INTEGRATION

MEDIA COVERED

Digital impressions linked to individuals using tags; offline impressions linked by exact time.

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

Algorithmic time decay

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

No information



CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Updating in real time

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

Other Marketing Variables

Across Sales & Brand Metrics

Diminishing Returns

External Influences
 Competitors

- Adstock
- C Long-term Effects
- O Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

DATA DELIVERY & APPLICATIONS

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources



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Google Attribution 360



Attribution 360 long-terr

PRIMARY USE CASE — Evaluate TV and digital marketing's impact on short-term,
 long-term sales/revenue profit and other KPIs

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix Models
(Through MMM Partners)
Digital Attribution

TV /	Attribution	 	
Unif	fied Models	 	N/A

Display, search, programmatic,

email, and affiliate, TV network,

daypart, program and individual

APPROACH

Person/HH-level digital and TV attribution

SOURCE OF TV DATA Rentrak

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

If data permits, at ad-level impression; creative, length, network, daypart, and even down to individual airings for specific programs. Impression, click and conversion events: collected through tags or through log files

DATA INTEGRATION

MEDIA COVERED

spots

Merged at the individual level through CRM integrations, cookie, person or transaction ID. Also leverage third-party audience data sources. Proprietary device graph based on known sign-in activity.

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

No information provided

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Holdout samples and compare predicted with actual outcomes

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Within 24 hours

USE CASES

- Contribution Assessment
- 🖲 Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- 🔆 Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- O Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- C Long-term Effects
- O Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

- Dashboard
- 🖲 Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources





Merkle, owned by Dentsu Aegis

MERKLE PRIMARY USE CASE — Integrated, connected attribution framework for cross-channel attribution at scale. Focused on measurement at all stages of the funnel, from awareness to optimizing customer contact strategies and digital targeting opportunities.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

TV Attribution	N/A
Unified Models	·····√

APPROACH

Integrated media mix econometrics and person/HH-level attribution, A/B testing, market-level ANCOVA

MEDIA COVERED

Integrated holistic application of multiple event streams; all paid, owned and earned media

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

DATA DELIVERY & APPLICATIONS

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources





Ameliorated by proprietary algorithm

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Quarterly for planning/strategy; weekly/daily for content-related tactics

SOURCE OF TV DATA Rentrak, Nielsen, client-provided

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Media vehicles, content, creative, offer, message

DATA INTEGRATION

Proprietary PII data-matching reference file for 95% of US HH; includes device ID connected at individual or HH level

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Visual IQ, a Nielsen company



PRIMARY USE CASE — Combined audience data with attributed measurement in a single view, providing cross-channel marketing and advertising performance insights and optimization based on audience segments

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix Models
Digital Attribution

TV Attribution	1
Unified ModelsN/A	1

APPROACH

Market-level regression (MMM) with patented HH/person-level attribution based on test/control lift along consumer's path (MTA)

SOURCE OF TV DATA

MEDIA COVERED

Digital, direct mail, POS, TV, Radio, Print, OOH

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics.

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources



LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Placement/keyword, tactic, publisher, creative, etc. Dimension level: recency, frequency, publisher, placement, keyword, creative, size, tactic, etc.

DATA INTEGRATION

Data partners for MTA integrations across offline sales (Liveramp), cross device (Facebook, Tapad), audience data (Lotame). Offer pixel and tagging management through platform.

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

No information provided

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Data quality controls; model validation; in market testing/ analysis

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Designed to run in real time; refreshes hours/days/weeks





Television or Digital Attribution Providers

This set of providers are more recent additions to the analytics marketplace and, while quite varied, are unified to some degree in their focus on either specific media or specific outcomes.

These providers are squarely in the attribution camp, attributing causality to media exposure based on a highly granular analysis of the sequence of events. For instance, exposures that occurred prior to a conversion, retail visit or purchase event. While this may not be entirely suitable for estimating ROI, the granularity and rapid tempo of these models is well suited to driving tactical decisions.

The diversity among these providers is interesting. TVSquared and WyWy are now one company. Along with iSpot and Samba, they leverage Smart TV data to attribute digital activation outcomes to preceding television exposures. However, TVSquared also employs marketing mix models, in a minority of cases, to provide a more comprehensive assessment and also an estimate of the impact on offline sales.

Placed is focused on location data and estimates the impact of television, digital and OOH media on location-based outcomes, like store visits. SMI's roots are in media spend data and focus on the value of modeling the effectiveness and ROI of competitors' marketing, which requires granular and accurate competitive spending data.

Data + Math



PRIMARY USE CASE — Multi-touch attribution to measure the upper and mid-funnel impact of multi-screen TV campaigns on various marketing outcomes. Our solutions provide timely campaign lift readouts and differential scoring of campaign tactics, such as audience target, Data Plus Math frequency, program/network/daypart and creative to support campaign optimization.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix ModelsN/A	
Digital AttributionN/A	

TV Attribution
Unified ModelsN/A

APPROACH

Attribution modeling

~	
_	SOURCES OF TV DATA
	MVPDs, SmartTV ACR
	and network group
	digital platforms

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Household or device level

MEDIA COVERED

Linear, time-shifted and OTT delivered television

DATA INTEGRATION

Integrate multiple datasets at a household or device level into the model. Partnerships with Experian and Acxiom/Liveramp to integrate signals from multiple sources into the model with set-top and ACR data in a privacy-compliant manner.

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

Multiple models are trained with different feature sets, enabling us to extract the importance of individual predictors. We use synthetic control techniques to reduce bias and isolate the impact of exposures, as well as regularization and crossvalidation to avoid over-fitting.

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Hold-out samples and crossvalidation; internal controls

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- O Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- C Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality (Unexposed control group)

DATA DELIVERY & APPLICATIONS

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Obtain Data Feeds to Other Sources



Daily



iSpot

iSpot.tv

PRIMARY USE CASE — Measures the conversions of TV ads exposure to digital business outcomes and related KPIs. Used for in-flight optimization of creative and media placements, campaign planning as well as TV investment decisioning.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix Models	√ A
Digital Attribution	√ /A

TV Attribution	100%
Unified Models	N/A

APPROACH

Fractional or full attribution of conversion credit based on a variable look-back window at the individual HH/person level

MEDIA COVERED

TV, Live/SD — 30 days, Broadcast, Cable, Spot, Satellite, VOD and OTT

SOURCE OF TV DATA

Inscape

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Individual exposure/conversion level analysis, reported for individual creative executions, networks, programs, genre, daypart, media unit

DATA INTEGRATION

Proprietary device/ID graph to connect web users to TV IDs

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Assigns (full or partial) credit to all exposures in the look-back window

Internal and external audits/benchmarks



CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Daily

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- O Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- (TV cont. to digital KPIs)
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- C Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality (Unexposed control group)

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- O Data Feeds to Other Sources





Placed

PRIMARY USE CASE – Identifies the impact of cross-channel advertising on in-store visitation.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix Models.....N/A Digital Attribution......100% (100% location KPIs)

APPROACH

Exposed versus matched unexposed to measure incremental visits and lift

SOURCE OF TV DATA STB and Smart TVs

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Individual person level for each campaign. Factors include 3-hour time granularity for visitation, as well as a large set of person-level descriptors

MEDIA COVERED

Mobile, Tablet, Desktop, Linear TV, Addressable TV, Over-the-top and Out Of Home

TV Attribution+ OOH

Unified ModelsN/A

DATA INTEGRATION

Mobile, web, desktop and TV: We use a mix of third-party and proprietary probabilistic device-matching algorithms; proprietary path analysis algorithm matches a person's path to OOH

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

No information provided

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Surveys validate visits, visits projected against store counter and internal transaction data

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING Weekly

USE CASES

- Contribution Assessment
- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign (Digital, TV & OOH contribution to retail traffic)
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels (TV and OOH)
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns Adstock
- Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality (Repeat vs. new visitors)

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources





Samba TV



PRIMARY USE CASE — Offers essential TV insights to make audiences more addressable and measurable. Through software embedded in over 18M smart TVs globally, amplified by set-top boxes and mapped to connected mobile devices, laptops and PCs, Samba TV helps marketers activate cross-screen campaigns and measure the impact of their media investment by bridging the gap between digital and television

PRIMARY OFFERINGS		USE CASES
Marketing Mix ModelsN/A Digital Attribution	TV Attribution	Contribution Assessment Digital Campaign Cross-Media Campaign (TV + Digital) Full Marketing Mix
Measures tune-in rate, conversions, RF and brand lift (with Kantar MB), single source matched panel at a HH/individual level	TV, Digital	KPIs Online Traffic Online Conversion Offline Retail Traffic Offline Sales Brand Metrics
12 Smart TV brands + STB data		Budget Optimization Across Digital Channels Across Cross-Media Channels Across Sales & Brand Metrics
LEVEL OF GRANULARITY	DATA INTEGRATION	MODEL INPUTS
Down to the exact ad occurrence — can report on media, time, geography, consumer segments on a HH basis	Direct match, Device IDs	 Other Marketing Variables External Influences Competitors (If provided by client)
		ADVERTISING PARAMETERS
COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND Not applicable due to data granularity; don't use marketing mix models	MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION Retesting, A/A testing	 Diminishing Returns Adstock Long-term Effects Media Interactions and Halos Baseline/Incrementality
CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING		DATA DELIVERY & APPLICATIONS
Daily, weekly or monthly depen	nding on the need	 Dashboard Optimizers Programmatic Data Feeds to Other Sources





SMI



STANDARDPRIMARY USE CASE — Digital/TV attribution and spend optimization, mix optimization,
MEDIA
ROI versus competitors. Household-level attribution planned for early 2018.INDEX

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix Models
Digital AttributionN/A

TV Attribution	J/A
Unified Models	I/A

TV, Digital in all their sub-types

APPROACH

National time series regression

and forms
SOURCE OF TV DATA

Media Agencies

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Program-level

DATA INTEGRATION

Time series

MEDIA COVERED

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

A/B tests to verify predictions

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

Monthly

No information provided

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- 🔿 Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign (TV+ Digital)
- 🔿 Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics (Custom)

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors
- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality (In CPG)

- ੁ Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources





TVSquared



PRIMARY USE CASE — Attribution models estimate TVs immediate impact on web and online sales metrics. Marketing mix models utilize all available data inputs, online and offline, to provide an accurate measurement of marketing's short- and long-term impacts.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix Models15%	
Digital AttributionN/A	

TV Attribution	.100%
Unified Models	N/A

APPROACH

Multi-stage attribution process; continuously adjusting baseline constructed to identify spikes that can be explained by the presence of TV

MEDIA COVERED

TV and SMS Digital — Computer and Mobile (App/Web)



LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

TV spot logs, including network, creatives, spot length and audience; location using IP addresses; attribution looks at direct site traffic, and organic and paid search

DATA INTEGRATION

Partner with key cross-channel vendors, like LiveRamp, to provide cross-device matching

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

Large samples from 3+ years of data at the DMA level, plus partial least squares models, where necessary

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Holdout samples with +/- 10% MAPE

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Same-day attribution reporting, MMM typically 6-month cycles

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- Digital Campaign
- (TV Attribution)
 Cross-Media Campaign
 (Via MMM)
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels (TV Optimization)
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- Long-term Effects (MMM)
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- 🔿 Data Feeds to Other Sources





WyWy, owned by TVSquared

PRIMARY USE CASE — Measures the direct impact of TV on website and app traffic (visits and conversions), identifying which daypart, channel, creative or program has the highest viewer engagement; daypart, channel, creative optimization.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix Models	N/A
Digital Attribution	N/A

TV Attribution	.100%
Unified Models	N/A

APPROACH

Anomaly detection based on graph analysis to determine "unusual spikes" in website traffic; overlay TV schedule

SOURCE OF TV DATA

MEDIA COVERED

Linear TV program

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- Digital Campaign
- (TV Attribution)
- Cross-Media Campaign
- 🛇 Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- C Long-term Effects
- O Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality (Unexposed Control Group)

DATA DELIVERY & APPLICATIONS

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources





LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Fingerprint

Airing-level: daypart, channel, creative and program, geography, consumer segments

DATA INTEGRATION

TV Exposure and online events linked by time of occurrence

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Not deemed relevant to this method

Technique has been validated with simulations. In production, model results are checked versus graphs.

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING Overnight

Single Source Providers

The earliest single source data providers linked television advertising exposures directly to purchases at the household level. IRI's Behaviorscan, the first of many, actually predates the commercialization of marketing mix modeling by a few years. Each of the early providers built their services on the foundation of traditional research panels, which proved unaffordable time and again.

Today's single source providers utilize existing data — notably loyalty card, credit card, prescription records and DMV records — to provide measures of sales. These are linked at the household level with television exposure from set-top boxes and digital exposures captured via tags. Matching cause and effect at the household level resembles and begins to overlap with attribution modelers. The difference is one of emphasis and genesis. Attribution was born in digital, whereas single source was born in CPG, matching television ad exposures to supermarket sales.

These techniques are data dependent. NCS and IRI utilize their purchase and store panels, and NCS also employs the Nielsen television and radio ratings data.

The providers grouped here are not completely homogeneous. Oracle's DataLogix service has roots in direct marketing, not TV like NCS and TiVo. Concentric is the most different; it does not have proprietary data sets, but its agent-based models (ABM) can utilize any suitable data. It is grouped here because it operates at the individual household or consumer level.

Concentric

CONCENTIC PRIMARY USE CASE – Software application that simulates individual consumers interacting with each other and with the marketing of brands; accounts for how people make decisions and share information through a unified marketing impact analytic framework.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix ModelsN/A
Digital AttributionN/A

TV Attribution	N/A
Unified Models	100%
(12% with location	KPIs)

APPROACH

Agent-based models, behavioral economics, network science, marketing analytics, and machine learning with reinforced learning



Ranges from the highest level of

granularity to a respondent-level or

individual ad impressions – varies

by business question and available

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

Agent-level analysis rarely suffers

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

data

MEDIA COVERED

TV, Radio, Magazines, Out Of Home, Digital/Mobile Display, Video, Native Search, Social, In-app, Organic Search, Word Of Mouth, Influencer Programs, PR, In-store, Events, etc.

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

DATA DELIVERY &

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources





CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Real time, weekly or quarterly depending on client needs

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

multiple sources

DATA INTEGRATION

Data integration through the Agent Training Process – two

forms: standard API that pulls

from the customers database(s) or

a data parser that pulls data from

Compare system forecast with in-market results for

multiple metrics

from collinearity

IRI Lift



PRIMARY USE CASE — IRI provides a full suite of solutions — both marketing mix modeling and attribution solutions as well as matched market or matched store testing. Focused on the CPG industry.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS		USE CASES
Marketing Mix Models	TV Attribution	Contribution Assessment Digital Campaign Cross-Media Campaign
APPROACH	MEDIA COVERED	Full Marketing Mix
Attribution studies SOURCES OF TV DATA Lotame, Simulmedia and Shareablee	TV, Digital, Social, OOH	 KPIs Online Traffic Online Conversion Offline Retail Traffic Offline Sales Brand Metrics
	DATA INTEGRATION	 Budget Optimization Across Digital Channels Across Cross-Media Channels Across Sales & Brand Metrics
Household/Frequent Shopper Card	Deterministic match at household level through Experian, LiveRamp, etc.	
		MODEL INPUTS
COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND Statistical significance (p-value check), correlation check, Multi	MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION Test/control matching/validation via Kolmogorov Smirnov Test,	 Other Marketing Variables External Influences Competitors
collinearity check, Variance Inflation	p-values, multi-collinearity,	ADVERTISING PARAMETERS
CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING Within weeks of the campaign	fit test, data hygiene	 Diminishing Returns Adstock Long-term Effects Media Interactions and Halos Baseline/Incrementality
		DATA DELIVERY & APPLICATIONS
		 Dashboard Optimizers Programmatic Data Feeds to Other Sources





Nielsen Catalina

nc



PRIMARY USE CASE — Purchase-based audiences for better targeting, in-flight tracking the impact of advertising on retail sales during campaigns, and sales lift measurements to analyze how advertising drove incremental sales after the campaign

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix ModelsN/A	TV .
Digital AttributionN/A	Unit

TV Attribution	N,	/A
Unified Models	100)%

Digital (including Mobile, Video,

TV, addressable TV, Print, Radio,

Media type, genre, type, property

(e.g., program, website, title), campaign, creative execution

DATA INTEGRATION

Neustar and LiveRamp

Social and Programmatic) to linear

MEDIA COVERED

and CRM

APPROACH

Test — control ANCOVA, machine learning, in extreme reach cases

SOURCE OF TV DATA Nielsen

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Analysis at the individual impression and transaction level; reported by media type, genre, type, property (e.g., program, website, title), campaign and creative execution

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

Exposed/unexposed HH purchases compared to averages between groups

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Direct HH match or via indirect

match with on-boarders like

Normative database, holdout samples, model fit statistics, synthetic data comparison

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Weekly in-flight; 4-6 weeks for sales effect or cross-media

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales (CPG only)
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels (Indices provided for manual optimization)
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- O Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

- 🔎 Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources





Oracle



PRIMARY USE CASE — Determines short- and long-term, offline and online, sales outcomes for digital media and direct mail. Evaluating overall campaign effectiveness and providing a deep dive into the effectiveness of target segments, media types, new and existing buyers, creative, demographics and frequency

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix ModelsN/A	
Digital Attribution100%	

TV AttributionN/	Ά
Unified ModelsN/	Ά

APPROACH

Exposed/unexposed, test-control and custom analytics

SOURCE OF TV DATA No information

MEDIA COVERED

Digital and Direct Mail: media platform, creative, placement (e.g., Video or display), targeted segment

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

Conducted at the household level, but is typically reported at the population, subpopulation or media cut level

DATA INTEGRATION

Utilize data from dozens of sources to create PII to household-level links, and validate with robust truth set based modeling process that updates these connections

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

Propensity models identify how variables compensate based on the severity. Also utilize gradient boosted regression models

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

No post period required; 5 weeks to compile and run analysis

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Internal quality control checks

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- © Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

- Online Traffic
- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

- O Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- 🔿 Data Feeds to Other Sources





TiVo



PRIMARY USE CASE — Measure cross-platform R&F, the impact of Internet/Mobile and TV ads on business outcomes and related KPIs, and optimization of creative and media placements, campaign planning as well as TV investment decisioning.

PRIMARY OFFERINGS

Marketing Mix Models	N/A
Digital Attribution	N/A

TV Attribution	N/A
Unified Models	.100%
(a few with location	(KPIs)

APPROACH

HH-level sales lift logistic regression modeling; exposed/unexposed tests and custom analytics

SOURCE OF TV DATA

TiVo STB

LEVEL OF GRANULARITY

HH-level data: platform, network,

program, website, creative and ad

format level; TV exposure second

MEDIA COVERED

Digital, Mobile, TV, CRM data, segments, third party

USE CASES

Contribution Assessment

- Digital Campaign
- Cross-Media Campaign
- 🔿 Full Marketing Mix

KPIs

Online Traffic

- Online Conversion
- Offline Retail Traffic
- Offline Sales
- Brand Metrics

Budget Optimization

- Across Digital Channels
- Across Cross-Media Channels
- Across Sales & Brand Metrics

MODEL INPUTS

- Other Marketing Variables
- External Influences
- Competitors

ADVERTISING PARAMETERS

- Diminishing Returns
- Adstock
- C Long-term Effects
- Media Interactions and Halos
- Baseline/Incrementality

DATA DELIVERY & APPLICATIONS

- Dashboard
- Optimizers
- Programmatic
- Data Feeds to Other Sources



DATA INTEGRATION

Direct match; household level; deterministic match to Experian, LiveRamp and Acxiom

MODEL/RESULTS VALIDATION

Not a problem due to granularity and volume of data

COLLINEARITY WORKAROUND

Internal checks and industry benchmarks

CYCLE & REFRESH TIMING

Custom modeling takes 3-5 weeks





by second

Glossary

Web/Wikipedia-Sourced, Sequent Partners Adapted

A/B Testing

A controlled experiment involving two variables. Used extensively in digital to optimize messaging performance. It is essential that all contextual factors, audience, content environment, time, etc. be perfectly matched to isolate the comparative effect of A versus B.

Adstock

Term coined by Simon Broadbent to describe the prolonged or lagged effect of advertising on consumer purchase behavior. It's an essential model specification for capturing the full extent of advertising's contribution.

Agent-Based Models

Model for simulating the actions and interactions of autonomous agents (e.g., consumers) with a view toward assessing the effects of causal factors (e.g., advertising) on their behaviors (e.g. purchasing) and the system as a whole (e.g., market). Provides explanatory insight into the collective behavior of agents following known behavior patterns (e.g., repeat purchase distributions) or simple rules (e.g., average purchase size).

Algorithm

Procedure or formula for solving a problem, based on conducting a sequence of specified calculations or steps. For example, a media optimizer uses an algorithm to sequentially add the next best medium to the plan.

Attribution

The statistical method of assigning credit to the media stimuli consumers encounter along the path to "conversion" — taking action, sales, etc. — a "bottom up," consumer- and transaction-level model.

Baseline/Incrementality

In modeling, sales that would have occurred without any marketing efforts are considered base sales. Incrementality reflects the sales lift associated with media/marketing stimuli. Important to distinguish between the two to avoid misattributing to a medium, the value of sales that would have occurred naturally. Not measureable, this is a model inference.

Bayesian Priors

In Bayesian statistics, a prior probability distribution often simply called the prior — of an uncertain quantity is the probability distribution that would express one's beliefs about this quantity before some evidence is taken into account. This enables facts taken from other sources to be imposed on a model. It also enables a model to work with data sources of different levels of granularity.

Behavioral Economics

Study of the effects of psychological, social, cognitive, and emotional factors on the economic decisions of individuals and the consequences for market prices, returns, etc.

Collinearity

A condition in which some of the independent variables are highly correlated; a linear relationship exists between two explanatory variables. Results in an inability to tease out the effects of either variable, as in television flight running the same time as a digital campaign.

Covariate Controls

Any method for statistically removing the effects of contextual variables from the variables being evaluated. This could be as simple as analyzing two groups separately (e.g., deal-prone vs. full-price consumers) or more complex — fitting a multivariate model and adjusting dependent variable estimates to simulate the average, not actual, level of the covariates.

Cross-Platform Attribution

The process of assigning credit to the touchpoints consumers encounter along the path to conversion, when all touchpoints, online and offline are included. Sometimes driven by "rules" or algorithms that





arbitrarily assign credit to one touchpoint. More often by statistical models that infer the contribution of each touchpoint to conversion, (e.g., traffic or sales). When only online touchpoints are included, Multi-Touch Attribution is a more descriptive name.

Dependent Variable

The variable to be predicted by the model (e.g., sales).

Diminishing Returns

The saturation effect where sales increases reach a limit after which each additional advertising dollar has a decreasing incremental effect and, eventually, reaches a ceiling with near zero incremental effect.

Discrete Choice

Model of choices customers make between products or services. By identifying patterns in these choices, models predict how different consumers respond to competing products. Allows marketers to examine the share impact of pricing, service bundling, etc., on different classes of customers.

Econometrics

Statistical models used in econometrics that specifies the statistical relationship between variables. (See also Regression)

Exposed vs. Unexposed

Commonly-used approaches for measuring ad effectiveness in which the subsequent behavior of individuals exposed to an ad is compared to individuals not exposed to the ad. Due to collinearity and the effect of unobserved contextual variables, this approach does not necessarily reveal whether or not ads have a causal effect on outcomes such as purchases and site visits. (See A/B testing)

External Influences

Factors that occur entirely beyond the marketers control, but exert influence on the way advertising in a particular category behaves. For instance, weather, consumer confidence, gas prices, etc. (also known as Exogenous factors).

Game Theory

Used to fairly distribute credit or value to each individual player/participant. Game theory attribution assigns (with the help of algorithms) each touchpoint fair credit for a conversion based on their true contribution.

Granularity

The level of detail considered in a model. The greater the granularity, the deeper the level of detail and potential for actionable insight. Granularity can also be a solution for collinearity.

Hierarchical Bayesian

A statistical modeling technique that enables a multi-layered approach (e.g., an upper branding model that identifies consumer preferences and a lower conversion model where brand preference is one of the causal factors).

Holdout Samples

Sample of observations withheld from the model fitting process. Model predictive validity can be estimated by its ability to predict the data. Sometimes the holdout is chosen for convenience, but a mixture of random and designed holdouts (to provide a set of specific situations) is preferred.

Independent Variables

The variables that, in combination, predict the dependent, or outcome, variable (e.g., sales). They represent the causal factors that drive the outcome variable.

Logit Models

A regression model where the dependent variable is categorical (e.g., brand chosen) at the person/HH level. This is the classical statistical model for individual person/HH transaction data.

Long-term Effects

Cumulative effect of advertising on consumers' brand choice behavior, lasting over several years. Measures of loyalty to a brand or consideration set of brands. It can also reflect customer lifetime values. Lacks consistent definition and, in some cases, long-term effects of digital advertising are measured on a "next quarter" basis.

Lookback Windows

Defines a time span during which advertising is analyzed prior to a conversion. The period of time the model "looks back" at the ad exposures that may have contributed to a conversion.

Machine Learning

An application of artificial intelligence (AI) that provides systems the ability to automatically learn





and improve from experience without being explicitly programmed. In its current rudimentary form, multiple modeling techniques are assembled in a framework. The framework determines which model, or combination of models, best fits the historical data.

Market Level ANCOVA

Analysis of covariance. Isolates the effect of a potential causal categorical factor (e.g., an ad exposure) on a dependent outcome variable (e.g., purchase), while statistically controlling for the effects of other continuous variables that are not of primary interest (e.g., price), known as covariates.

Media Interactions and Halos

Degree to which media enhance or detract from each other's effects — coordinated, sequenced for maximum performance. Often called synergies.

Marketing Mix Models

Models involving the application of regression and other statistical approaches to estimate the impact of marketing elements on incremental sales. Historical data is used to fit the model, which then can be used for prediction of future outcomes (e.g., sales). They assess the effectiveness of spending by channel over and above a baseline of sales that would have occurred without any marketing efforts. Often called "Top Down" models. These models explain a high proportion of the variance in sales and typically include explanatory factors like seasonality, competitive activities, and trade and consumer promotion. They are most frequently used to inform budget allocation across channels.

Multi-Touch Attribution

The process of assigning credit to the touchpoints consumers encounter along the path to conversion. Sometimes driven by "rules" or algorithms that arbitrarily assign credit to one touchpoint. More often by statistical models that infer the contribution of each touchpoint to conversion (e.g., traffic or sales). In practice, MTA most often refers to digital touchpoints and is used to compare the impact of digital vehicles. When online and offline touchpoints are included, Cross-Platform Attribution is a more descriptive name.

Other Marketing Variables

Aspects of product marketing besides media and advertising that drive sales. Price, promotion, product

features, in-store variables, competitive trade deals and impact provide the full picture of marketplace pressure and consumer response. Models that do not include these factors fail to provide a holistic view and implicitly overstate the contribution of advertising.

Random Control Tests

Popular in digital analytics but an elemental research approach involving creating random test and control groups as a way of determining the behavioral lift (e.g., visits, conversions) associated with exposure to a specific campaign. The estimation of the measured effect is only as good as the controls associated with assigning subjects to each exposed vs. unexposed condition.

Regression

A broad set of statistical techniques for estimating the relationships among variables. Helps determine how the typical value of the dependent variable (e.g., sales, conversions, etc.) changes when any one of the independent variables (media weight, media mix) is varied, while the other independent variables are held fixed. Developed in the early 19th century for astronomy, it has been used extensively by marketers for predicting and forecasting sales outcomes for over 30 years.

Unified Models

Relatively new statistical approach for integrating strategic marketing mix and tactical digital analytics into a holistic model. Considered best practice in theory; generally involves broader marketing mix model results being applied as constraints for highly granular digital outcomes. Complicated by lack of standard approaches.

Validation

A measure of the accuracy and precision of modeled results. There are two common and complimentary approaches. Goodness of fit (MAPE: Mean Average Percent Error, or R2: percent of variance explained) describes how well the model replicates the historical data to which it was fit. Predictive validity: the same statistics can be used to evaluate how well a model replicates hold-out, or future data not used in the orginal model fitting process. In essence, the extent to which modeled results are well-founded and correspond accurately to real world results.



